

Exo $\Delta H_{\text{rxn}} = -890 \text{ KJ}$

Exo
Metal loses heat
System

System's Point of View
EXO

Water gains heat.
Surroundings
Endo.



P19	8g CH₄	1 mole CH₄	890.4 KJ	= 445.2
	16g CH₄	1 mole CH₄		

P26
②

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$$

$$= (+300 \text{ KJ}) - \left[(298) (0.454) \right]$$

$$\Delta G = 164.708 \text{ KJ}$$

P26(4)

$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$$

Spont! \downarrow \uparrow Spont \downarrow

$$-160 \text{ kJ} = (-200 \text{ kJ}) - (298 \Delta S)$$

+200 +200

$$\frac{+40}{-298} = \frac{-298 \Delta S}{-298}$$

More ordered \downarrow

$-0.134 \text{ kJ} = \Delta S$

→

-134 J

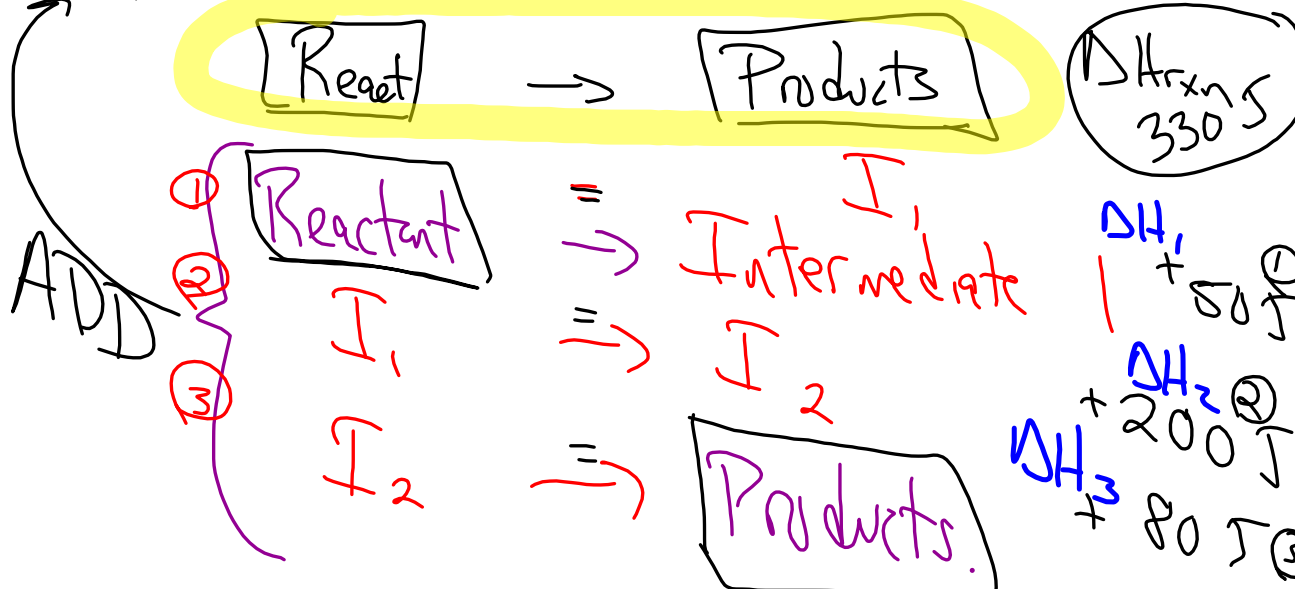
Non-Spont \downarrow

Not Spont

	<u>Spont</u>	<u>Non-Spont</u>
ΔH Enthalpy	\ominus EXO	\oplus ENDO
ΔS Entropy (Disorder)	\oplus Messier \uparrow Disorder	\ominus Cleaner
* ΔG Gibbs free energy *	\ominus Def. Spont.!	\oplus Def. Non-Spont.

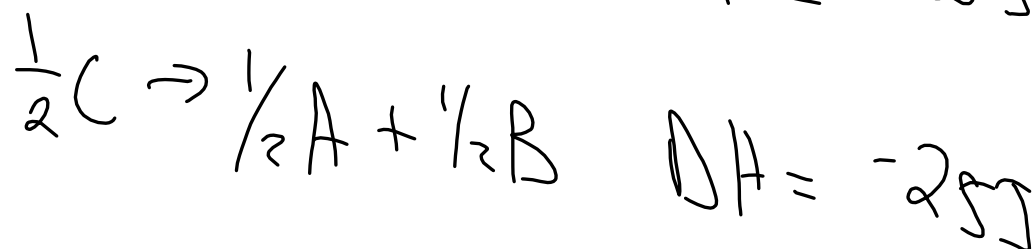
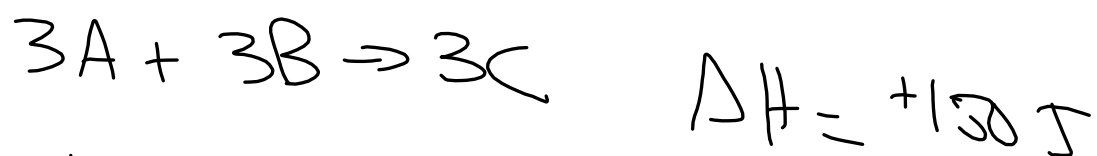
Hess's Law

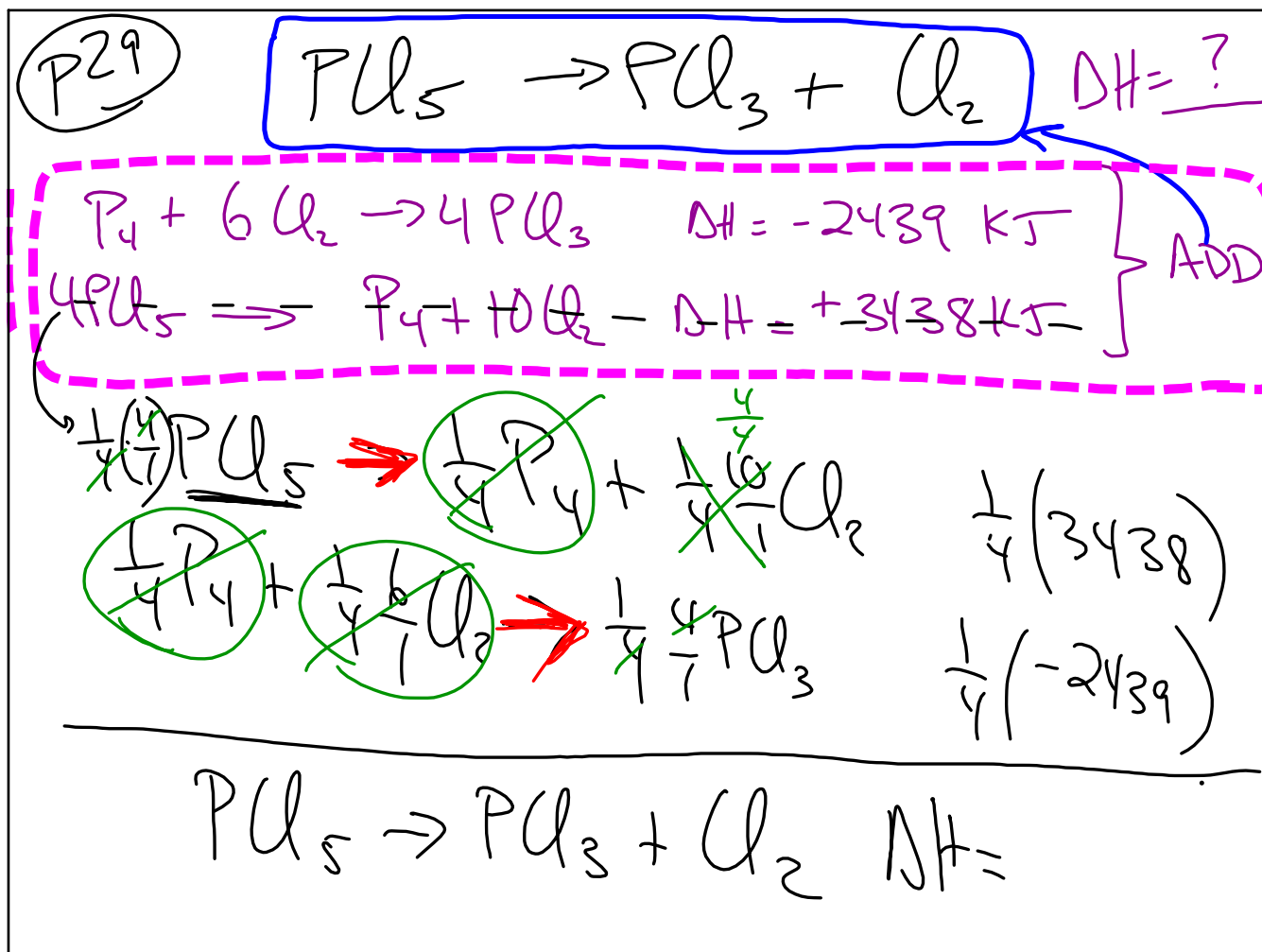
→ A reaction occurs in a series of steps.



ADD up the parts (Steps) to get the whole (final rxn)

$$\Delta H_{\text{rxn}} = \Delta H_1 + \Delta H_2 + \Delta H_3 + \dots$$





P29 / 2 + 3